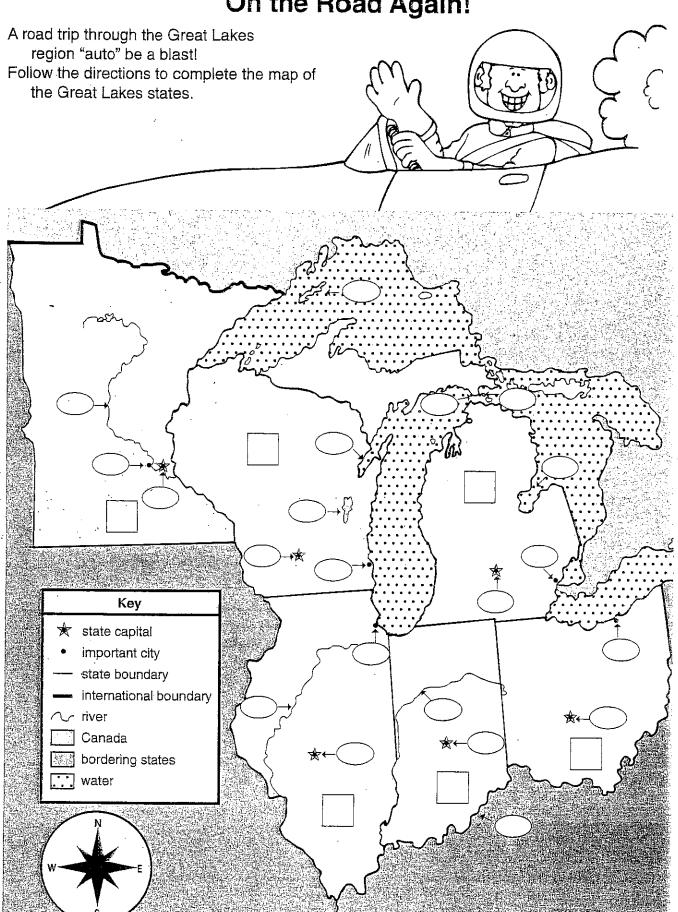
On the Road Again!



## How to Use Pages 37 and 38

Copy the map for each student. The map can be used in several ways.

- · For an independent student activity, copy the directions below for each student.
- For a cooperative-learning activity, divide students into small groups. Copy the directions for each group. Have students work together to complete their maps.
- For a teacher-directed activity, make a transparency of the directions and project them onto a screen. Cover the directions with a sheet of paper, sliding the paper down to reveal one step at a time as you assist students in completing their maps or as you complete an overhead transparency of the map along with your students.

Name		_ Map Ski	ls
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# **The Great Lakes States**

Follow the directions below to complete the map. Do not color the \_\_\_ s and \_\_ s on your map.

## Part 1: Basic Labeling and Coloring

Label each	$\Box$	vith t	he	state's	nostal	abbreviation.

- · Label Lake Michigan, Lake Superior, Lake Erie, and Lake Huron. Color the lakes light blue.
- · Canada is north of the Great Lakes region. Color Canada red.

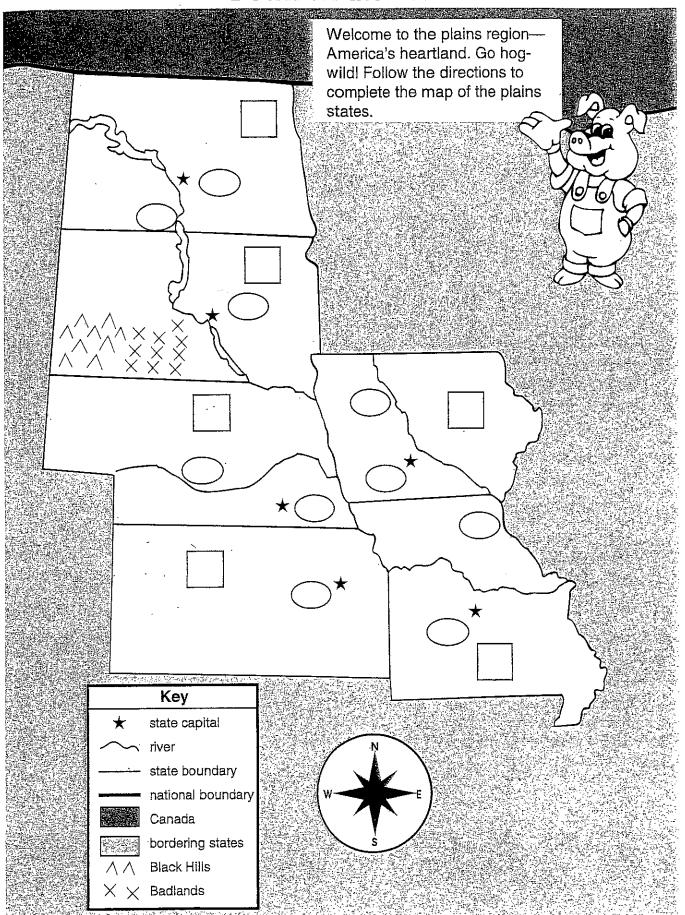
### Part 2: Identifying Important Geographical Features

- The source of the Mississippi River is in northwestern Minnesota. The Mississippi River flows south, forming part
  of Wisconsin's western border and all of Illinois's western border. Trace it in blue. Label it 1.
- The **Ohio River** forms the southern borders of Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois and empties into the Mississippi River. Trace it in blue, Label it 2.
- The **Illinois River** begins in Illinois and flows southwest across the state. It empties into the Mississippi River. Trace it in blue, Label it 3.
- The Wabash River flows across Indiana. It forms part of Indiana's western border and empties into the Ohio River.
   Trace it in blue. Label it 4.
- The Straits of Mackinac lie between Michigan's upper and lower peninsulas. Label these waters 5.
- · Mackinac Island lies in the Straits of Mackinac. Label it 6.
- Lake Winnebago is Wisconsin's largest lake. Color it light blue. Label it 7.
- Green Bay is a part of Lake Michigan that extends inland into northeast Wisconsin. Label Green Bay 8.
- Saginaw Bay is a part of Lake Huron that extends inland into Michigan's Lower Peninsula, Label it 9.
- Michigan's largest island, Isle Royale, lies in the northwest part of Lake Superior. Label it 10.

# Part 3: Identifying Cities and Coloring States

- St. Paul is the capital of Minnesota. Label it 11. Color Minnesota pink.
- Madison is the capital of Wisconsin. Label it 12. Color Wisconsin yellow.
- Lansing is the capital of Michigan. Label it 13. Color Michigan orange.
- Indianapolis is Indiana's capital and largest city. Label it 14. Color Indiana brown.
- Columbus is the capital of Ohio. Label it 15. Color Ohio purple.
- Springfield is the capital of Illinois. Label it 16. Color Illinois green.
- Minneapolis is the largest city in Minnesota. Label it 17.
- Milwaukee is the largest city in Wisconsin. Label it 18.
- · Detroit is the largest city in Michigan. Label it 19.
- · Cleveland is the largest city in Ohio. Label it 20.
- · Chicago is the largest city in Illinois. Label it 21.

# Down on the Farm



#### Plains States

# How to Use Pages 57 and 58

Copy the map for each student. The map can be used in several ways.

- · For an independent student activity, copy the directions below for each student.
- For a cooperative-learning activity, divide students into small groups. Copy the directions for each group. Have students work together to complete their maps.
- For a teacher-directed activity, make a transparency of the directions and project them onto a screen. Cover the directions with a sheet of paper, sliding the paper down to reveal and read one step at a time as you assist students in completing their map or as you complete an overhead transparency of the map along with your students.

Name Map skills
The Plains States
Follow the directions below to complete the map. Do not color the \( \subseteq \sigma \) and \( \sigma \sigma \) on your map.
Part 1: Basic Labeling and Coloring

- · ·
- Label each with the state's postal abbreviation.
- · Canada lies north of North Dakota. Color Canada red.
- · Color all states bordering the plains states yellow.
- · Trace the symbols for the Badlands in brown.
- · Trace the symbols for the Black Hills in gray.

# Part 2: Identifying Important Geographical Features

- The **Missouri River** flows through North and South Dakota, along Nebraska's eastern border, and across Missouri. Label it 1. Trace it in blue.
- The Mississippi River forms the eastern borders of Iowa and Missouri. Label it 2. Trace it in blue.
- The Platte River flows across Nebraska. Label it 3. Trace it in blue.
- The Des Moines River flows through lowa to the Mississippi River. Label it 4. Trace it in blue.

# Part 3: Identifying States and Capitals

- Bismarck is the capital of North Dakota. Label it 5. Color North Dakota orange.
- Pierre is the capital of South Dakota. Label it 6. Color South Dakota green.
- Lincoln is the capital of Nebraska. Label it 7. Color Nebraska purple.
- Des Moines is the capital of Iowa. Label it 8. Color Iowa pink.
- Topeka is the capital of Kansas. Label it 9. Color Kansas red.
- Jefferson City is the capital of Missouri. Label it 10. Color Missouri light green.